PNS SCHOOL OF ENGINEERING & TECHNOLOGY, MARSHAGHAI DEPARTMENT OF SCIENCE AND HUMANITIES LESSON PLAN OF APPLIED PHYSICS –II (TH 2)

			NAME OF THE TEACHING FACULTY: MR KSHITISH KUMAR SINGH
BRANCH : CIVIL,CSE,ETC DISCIPLINE : SEMESTER: 2ND			NAME OF THE FEACHING FACOUTT, MIN ROTHTION ROTHER STRUCT
SUBJECT: APPLIED PHYSICS II			
NO.OF DAYS/WEEK CLASS			SEMESTER FROM DATE: 04/02/2025 TO DATE: 17 /05 /2025
ALLOTED: 05		1	NO OF WEEKS: 15
WEEK	UNIT	CLASS DAY	THEORY TOPICS
	UNIT - 1: Wave motion and its applications		
			Wave motion, transverse and longitudinal waves with examples, definitions of
		1	wave velocity, frequency and wave length and their relationship
1st			Sound and light waves and their properties, wave equation (y = r sin t)
		2	amplitude, phase, phase difference
		3	principle of superposition of waves and beat formation
			Simple Harmonic Motion (SHM): definition, expression for displacement,
		4	velocity, acceleration, time period, frequency etc.
		5	Simple harmonic progressive wave and energy transfer
	ω Ε	6	study of vibration of cantilever and determination ofits time period
	Vave r	7	Free, forced and resonant vibrations with examples
		8	Acoustics of buildings – reverberation, reverberation time, echo, noise
2nd	1:\	-	coefficient of absorption of sound, methods to control reverberation time and
	Ë	9	their applications
	N S		Ultrasonic waves – Introduction and properties, engineering and medical
		10	applications of ultrasonic
	ptics	11	Basic optical laws; reflection and refraction
		12	refractive index, Images and image formation by mirrors
		13	lens and thin lenses, lens formula, power of lens
3rd		14	magnification and defects. Total internal reflection
			Critical angle and conditions for total internal reflection, applications of total
	0	15	internal reflection in optical fiber
	- 2		simple microscope in normal adjustment, magnifying power, resolving power,
	UNIT - 2: Optics	16	uses, optical projection systems.
			Compound microscope in normal adjustment, magnifying power, resolving
,		17	power, uses, optical projection systems.
4th			Astronomical telescope in normal adjustment, magnifying power, resolving
		18	power, uses, optical projection systems.
	UNIT - 3: Electrostatics	19	Coulombs law, unit of charge,
		20	Electric field, Electric lines of force and their properties
		21	, Electric flux, Electric potential and potential difference
			Gauss law: Application of Gauss law to find electric field intensity of straight
5th		22	charged conductor
		23	, plane charged sheet and charged sphere
		24	Capacitor and its working, Types of capacitors, Capacitance and its units
			Capacitance of a parallel plate capacitor, Series and parallel combination of
		25	capacitors (related numerical)
\Box	_	26	dielectric and its effect on capacitance, dielectric break down
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	<u>></u>	27	Electric Current and its units, Direct and alternating current
6th	İcit		
	ğ	28	Resistance and its units, Specific resistance, Conductance, Specific conductance
	Ele	29	Series and parallel combination of resistances
	Ħ	30	Factors affecting resistance of a wire, carbon resistances and colour coding
7th 8th	rre	31	Ohm's law and its verification, Kirchhoff's laws
	UNIT - 4: Current Electricity	32	Wheatstone bridge and its applications (slide wire bridge only)
		33	Concept of terminal potential difference and Electromotive force (EMF)
		34	Heating effect of current, Electric power
		35	Electric energy and its units (related numerical problems)
		36	Advantages of Electric Energy over other forms of energy
	Ε	37	Types of magnetic materials; dia, para and ferromagnetic with their properties
	tis	38	Magnetic field and its units, magnetic intensity
	gne	39	magnetic lines of force, magnetic flux and units
	πa	40	magnetization. Concept of electromagnetic induction, Faraday's Laws
	ē		
	ect		Lorentz force (force on moving charge in magnetic field). Force on current
9th	UNIT - 5: Electromagnetism	41	carrying conductor, force on rectangular coil placed in magnetic field.
			Moving coil galvanometer; principle, construction and working, Conversion of a
		42	galvanometer into ammeter and voltmeter
			Moving coil galvanometer; principle, construction and working, Conversion of a
		43	galvanometer into ammeter and voltmeter
	UNIT - 6: Semiconductor Physics	44	Energy bands in solids
		45	Types of materials (insulator, semi-conductor, conductor)
		46	, intrinsic and extrinsic semiconductors, p-n junction
		47	junction diode and V-I characteristics, types of junction diodes
4011		48	Diode as rectifier – half wave and full wave rectifier (centre taped)
10th			Transistor; description and three terminals, Types- pnp and npn, some
		49	electronic applications (list only)
		50	Photocells, Solar cells; working principle and engineering applications
11th	UNIT - 7: Modern Physics	51	Lasers: Energy levels, ionization and excitation potentials
			spontaneous and stimulated emission; population inversion, pumping
		52	methods, optical feedback
		53	Types of lasers; Ruby, HeNe and semiconductor
		54	laser characteristics, engineering and medical applications of lasers
		55	Fiber Optics: Introduction to optical fibers, light propagation
12th	Š	56	acceptance angle and numerical aperture, fiber types
	UNIT - 7:	57	applications in; telecommunication, medical and sensors
		58	Nanoscience and Nanotechnology: Introduction, nanoparticles
		59	nanomaterials, properties at nanoscale, nanotechnology
		60	nanotechnology based devices and applications
			Immediately access access and approaches



